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Cuvânt înainte / Foreword

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The sixth issue of SCA (online version) is dedicated to the International Conference entitled "INDIVIDUAL, FAMILY, SOCIETY - CURRENT CHALLENGES", THIRD EDITION, which took place on October 9–10, 2019, in Bucharest, Romania, at the "Francisc I. Rainer" Anthropology Institute of the Romanian Academy. All abstracts were refereed by a double-blind review process under the supervision of the Scientific Committee.

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Anexă - Programul conferinței / Annex - Conference Program

Dynamics of family composition in Belarus (20th–21st centuries)

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Objectives. The aim of this study is to determine the pace and nature of reproduction of the population in Belarus from the beginning of the 20th century (cent.) to the beginning of the 21st cent.

Material and methods. In the 1980s and in 2017, by questioning young women, data about their date of birth, place of birth and residence, education, number of children and dates of their birth, and the same information about their mother, grandmothers and great-grandmothers, their spouse's mother and grandmothers (6406 people in total) was obtained. 5 generations of residents born from 1885 to 2017 were examined: the generation of the early 20th (1904 birth year on average), 1930s (1932), 1950s (1957), the 1980s (1981) and the beginning of the 21st cent. (2005). The average number of children in a family, the average age of birth of the first child are determined.

Results. During the 20th cent., a tendency to increase the average age of birth of the first child (from 22.5 to 23.2 years), with a maximum for the generation of the 1930s (24.0 years) and a authentic reduction in the generation of the 1950s ($p < 0.05$) was noted. The average age of appearance of the latter child decreases from 35.0 to 28.9 years, with a minimum in the generation of the 1950s (28.6 years). During the century, the shares of those who gave birth to a child under the age of 20 are reducing (the group aged 20-24 is increasing). The generation of the 1930s significantly different from the generations of the early 20th and the 1950s: the portion of those who gave birth to their first child before the age of 20 is reduced, at 25-29 and after 30 years – increased. The average number of children in a family is consistently reduced from 5.1 in the generation of the early 20th to 4.7 – 1930s, 3.2 – 1950s, 2.2 – 1980s and 1.7 in the generation of the early 21st. In all generations in cities, the birth rate is lower than in villages (from $p < 0.01$ to $p < 0.001$). The proportion of families with 3 or more children has declined by more than 4 times over the century. The fertility rate shows a negative trend with an increase in the level of education of a woman, which is also manifested in the reduction in the proportion of mothers of large families among more educated women.

Conclusions. During the 20th cent., the average age of birth of the first child increases, the latter – increases. Closer to presence, women give birth to their first child at the most favourable age and less often under the age of 20. The term-shift towards the older groups in the generation of the 1930s happened due to the World War II, the related change in the number of sexes, epidemics, and forced relocation. The average number of children in a family over the century has decreased by 3 times; the rate is lower among more educated women; in cities lower than in rural areas.

Keywords: family; fertility; Belarus.