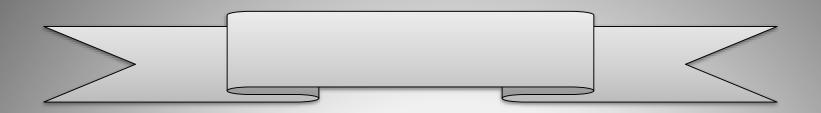
Diagnosis as a basis for effective psychological and pedagogical support of a child with peculiarities of psychophysical development

Loginova Inna

Do we need a diagnosis in special psychology and correctional pedagogy today?

Medical? Psychological?

Which one? Diagnosis, assessment or conclusion based on the results of the survey

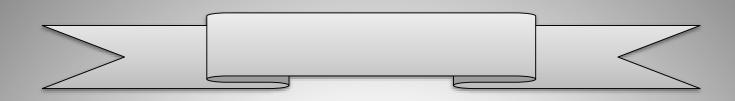


Diagnosis functions:

- ➤ Nominative;
- Information (information exchange);
- ➤ Statistical (collection of information for planning and for studying trends);
- > Scientific.

Psychological diagnosis ---

- The final result of the activity of the psychologist, aimed at identifying the essence of individual psychological peculiarities of a person in order to:
- Assess their current condition
- Forecast development
- Develop recommendations

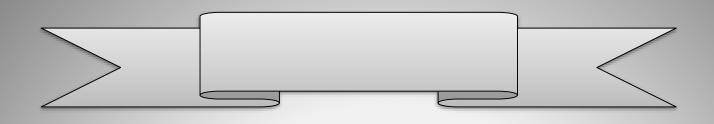


Levels of diagnosis

(according to L.S.Vygotsky)

The first level is symptomatic.

The ascertainment of symptoms does not automatically lead to a real diagnosis (empirical, pre-scientific)

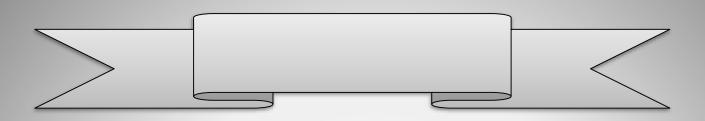


Levels of diagnosis

(according to L.S.Vygotsky)

The second level is etiological,

takes into account not only the presence of certain characteristics and features in the subjects, but also their causes.



Levels of diagnosis

(according to L.S.Vygotsky)

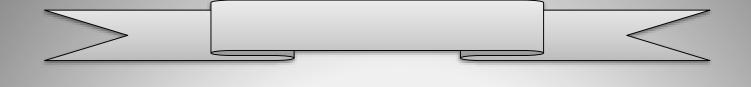
 Typological diagnosis (the highest level of diagnosis) determines the place and value of the identified characteristics in the whole dynamic picture of the personality.



- By the nature of the survey, the diagnosis can be:
- implicit (intuitive) characterized by an unconsciously received conclusion;
- rational (justified) is based on accurately established and empirically confirmed facts.

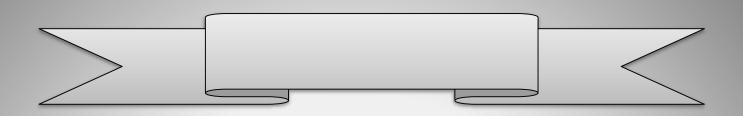
Types of diagnosis

- > Symptomati
- >Syndromal (Syndromatic)
- A syndrome is a set of symptoms which are correlated with each other.



Types of diagnosis

- Nosological (medical)
- Structure: etiology, clinical picture, specific treatment



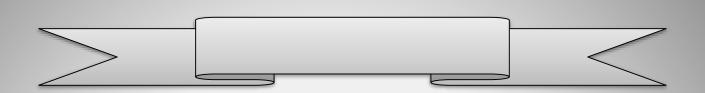
Types of diagnosis

- > Functional diagnosis
- Structure: clinic (etiology, manifestations, treatment), personality state (premorbid), social conditions

Typology of dysontogenesis

Lebedinsky V. V.

- Underdevelopment
- Damaged development
- Delayed development
- Deficit development
- > Disharmonious development
- Distorted development



What kind of diagnosis are:

"General speech underdevelopment"?

"Writing disorder"?