

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE LABOUR ACTIVITY OF STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL INCAPACITY (part 2)

By Sechkovskaya Lidia Grigorievna, senior lecturer of the Department of Oligophrenopedagogics

Contents

- 1. General and labour (intellectual) abilities and special aspects of their development in students with intellectual incapacity.
- 2. Characterization of peculiarities of obtaining motorial labour skills.

GENERAL LABOUR (INTELLECTUAL) SKILLS

- ability to navigate in the building;
- ability to plan the process of performing the task (course of work);
- ability to self-control;
- ability to apply skills of calculating, measuring and marking in the course of work; to use previous experience; to establish cause-and-effect relationships.

TYPICAL DISPLAY OF PECULIARITIES OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF GENERAL LABOUR SKILLS IN STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL INCAPACITY

Navigation in the building	Planning work	Self-control
 begin to perform the task without a suitable preliminary signal; preliminary analysis of the item is random, inconsistent, incomplete; do not self-determine the conditions of performing the task in the course of the preliminary navigation in the building; demonstrate the low speech level navigating in the building 	 preliminary do not try to determine the plan of their actions individually; have difficulty in performing the task according to the plan in the form of written or oral instruction; do not rely on the patterns of subject work sheets or pictured graphic work sheets without special training as far as it is necessary 	 teacher's encouragement is required to perform a control action; comparing items by several characteristics is especially difficult; more vivid disadvantages of correcting self-control compared with ascertaining control

WAYS OF DEVELOPING SKILLS TO NAVIGATE IN THE BUILDING IN STUDENTS WITH INTELLECTUAL INCAPACITY IN THE 1st- 5th FORMS

- gradual reduction of assistance in performing navigation actions;
- using various kinds of visual aids physical object (pattern of item), its representations in the technical drawing, photograph – while navigating in the building;
- applying both oral and written instructions (from the 4th form) while navigating in the building.

SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPING A SKILL TO NAVIGATE IN THE BUILDING

- students' revision of the item characteristics pointed out and named by the teacher;
- analysis of the item by the teacher's questions and preparing answers with his/her help;
- analysis of the item by the teacher's questions;
- individual analysis of the item similar to the previous ones.

SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPING A SKILL TO PLAN WORK

- doing a job by the presentation and the teacher's verbal instruction;
- planning the furthest similar operation;
- Preliminary work planning by questions and with the teacher's help;
- Preliminary work planning by the teacher's questions;
- individual preliminary work planning.

SEQUENCE OF INCREASING THE INDIVIDUAL PERFORMANCE OF INTERMEDIATE AND FINAL ASCERTAINING CONTROL

- after pointing at a certain characteristics of the item and with the teacher's help while comparing;
- after the teacher's pointing at a certain element (characteristics) of the item (work object);
- over element-by-element comparison of the own patter (picture) through the teacher's help;
- through minimum (encouraging) teacher's help;
- through their individual help.

SEQUENCE OF ICREASING PERSONAL EFFORTS FOR THE EXECUTION OF CORRECTING CONTROL

- after the presentation and verbal teacher's instruction;
- after verbal teacher's instruction;
- through minimum (encouraging) teacher's help;
- through their individual efforts.

CHARACTERIZATION OF THE PECULIARITIES OF MASTERING MOTORIAL LABOUR SKILLS (beginning)

- motility peculiarities (slowness of movements, clumsiness, sporadic movements) affect negatively the development of motorial skills;
- difficulties of acquiring higher spontaneous movements the development of which is mediated by speech;
- disturbances of accuracy, speed, rhythm, labour movements coordination;
- inaptitude to regulate strength of personal movements, increase or decrease it in compliance with the requirements for the operation carried out;
- execution of a great number of odd movements;

CHARACTERIZATION OF THE PECULIARITIES OF MASTERING MOTORIAL LABOUR SKILLS (continued)

- slow automation of initially mastered skills;
- difficulties when it is necessary to control personal movements by many characteristics: direction, range, sequence, speed etc.;
- complexity of learning transfer, i. e. the use of a familiar technique under new conditions.